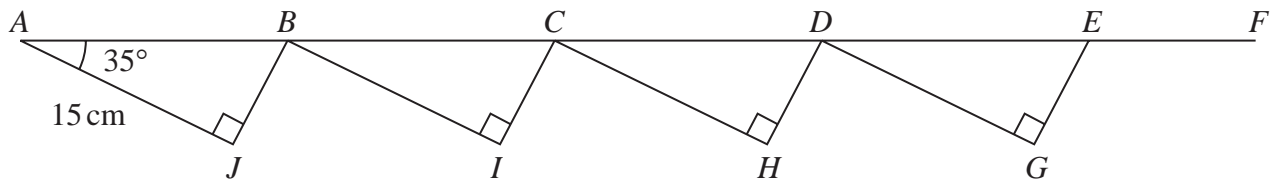


- 1 The diagram shows four congruent right-angled triangles  $ABJ$ ,  $BCI$ ,  $CDH$  and  $DEG$ .  
The diagram also shows the straight line  $ABCDEF$ .

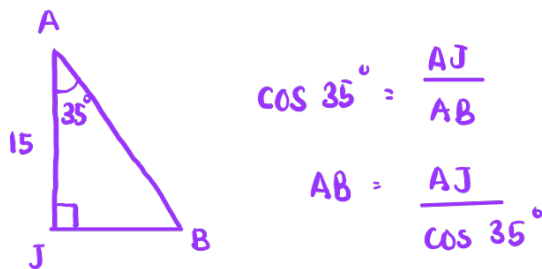
Diagram NOT  
accurately drawn



$AJ = 15 \text{ cm}$   
Angle  $BAJ = 35^\circ$

$AF = 80 \text{ cm}$

Work out the length of  $EF$ .  
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.



$$\begin{aligned} \text{length } AB &= \frac{15 \text{ cm}}{\cos 35^\circ} \quad (1) \\ &= 18.3 \text{ cm} \quad (1) \end{aligned}$$

since all triangles are congruent :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{length } AE &= 4 \times 18.3 \text{ cm} \\ &= 73.2 \text{ cm} \quad (1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{length } EF &= AF - AE \\ &= 80 - 73.2 \quad (1) \\ &= 6.75 \text{ cm} \quad (1) \end{aligned}$$

6.75 ..... cm

(Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)

- 2 The diagram shows two congruent isosceles triangles and parts of two congruent regular polygons, **X** and **Y**.

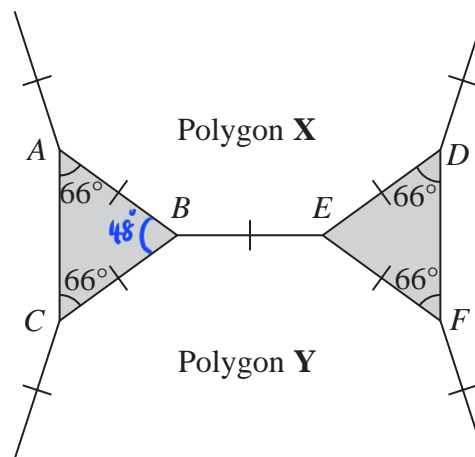


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

The two regular polygons each have  $n$  sides.

Work out the value of  $n$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{angle } ABC &= 180^\circ - 66^\circ - 66^\circ \\ &= 48^\circ \quad \textcircled{1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Half of angle } ABC &= \text{exterior angle of polygon X and Y} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 48^\circ = 24^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Exterior angle of polygon} = \frac{360^\circ}{\text{no. of sides}}$$

$$24^\circ = \frac{360^\circ}{n}$$

$$n = \frac{360^\circ}{24^\circ} \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$= 15 \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$n = \underline{\underline{15}}$$

(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)